



Hawley Arms Farnborough Demogs Report 0.5 miles

Understanding Demographics

12 October, 2020

Contents Understanding the Demographics of your Area Understanding the Residential Profile by Mosaic UK 6 Understanding the Top 3 Mosaic UK 6 Groups



Describing Hawley Arms (0.5 Miles) in relation to England Creation Date: October 12, 2020

Understanding the make-up of your area

	Area	Base	The current year estimates show a total resident
Total Households	3,372	23,706,750	population of 9,149 in the study area, compared to 56,539,662 in the base selection. When
Total Population	9,149	56,539,662	looking at households there are 3,372 in your
Total Males	4,422	27,942,050	area and 23,706,750 in your base selection. This was split by 51.66 % of the population being
Total Females	4,727	28,597,612	female and 48.34 % being male in the study
			area.

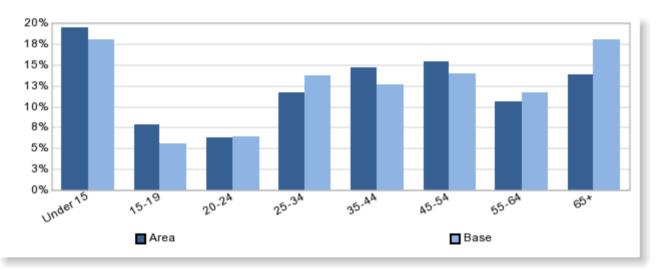
Source: Experian Current year estimates (Mid-year 2018).

Understanding who lives in your area

Age Bands	Area	Base	Index
			73 100 14
Under 15	1,793	10,187,245	109
15-19	716	3,156,587	140
20-24	571	3,608,302	98
25-34	1,067	7,771,178	85
35-44	1,352	7,180,202	116
45-54	1,410	7,862,170	111
55-64	971	6,558,672	92
65+	1,269	10,215,306	77

Source: Experian Age and Gender Estimates (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



The highest proportion fall into age band Under 15 with a count of 1,793 representing 19.59 % of the study area. The smallest proportion is in age band 20-24 with a count of 571 which represents 6.24 %. In the study area the most over represented age band in comparison to the base selection is 15-19 with an index value of 140. The band that is most under represented is 65+ with an index of 77, where an index* of 100 represents the national average.

*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

Understanding the Ethnic mix

Ethnic Mix	Area	Base	Index	
			0	1208
White	6,693	47,980,757	86 🗌	
Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller	25	59,424	259	
Mixed / Multiple Ethnic Groups	244	1,303,845	116	
Asian / Asian British: Indian	96	1,498,351	39	
Asian / Asian British: Pakistani	35	1,172,625	18 📕	
Asian / Asian British: Bangladeshi	38	489,647	47	
Asian / Asian British: Chinese	44	436,702	63 📘	
Asian / Asian British: Other Asian	1,718	921,639	1,152	
Black / African / Caribbean / Black	168	2,058,715	50	
British				
Other Ethnic Group	89	617,957	89	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.

The ONS data shows the ethnic make up of your area is Compare this to your base ethnic diversity as follows:

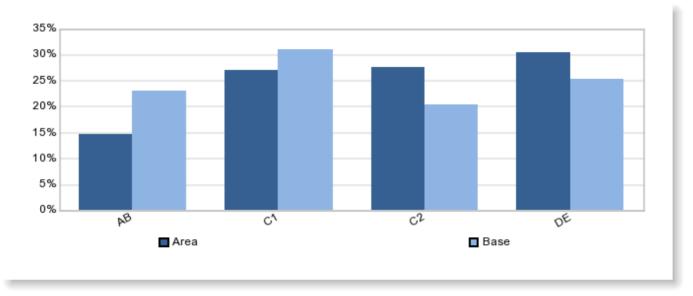
In the study area the largest ethnic group is White taking up 73.15 % of the population with a count of 6,693. This is in comparison to the selected base with 84.86 % of the population being White. The smallest ethnic representation in the study area was Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller with a count of 25, compare this to the base selection where the smallest group was Gypsy / Traveller / Irish Traveller with a count of 59,424.

Understanding the Social Grade

Social Grade	Area	Base	Index 60	100	139
AB Higher & intermediate manage/admin/prof	401	4,067,540	64		
C1 Supervisory, cleric, junior manage/admin/prof	731	5,463,859	87		
C2 Skilled manual workers	752	3,610,626	135		
DE Semi-skilled/unskilled manual workers; on state	827	4,477,840	120		
benefit, unemployed, lowest grade workers					

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

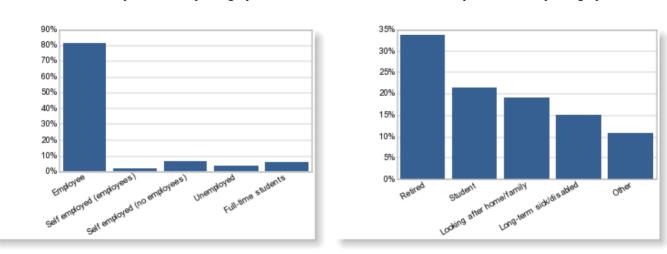
Within your area social grade DE forms the largest proportion with 827 people falling into this group, which is 30.50 % of the overall distribution. The smallest proportion falls into grade AB with a count of 401 taking up 14.78 %. When comparing this to the selected base the most over represented grade is C2 with an index* count of 135, whereas the most under represented group is AB with an index count of 64.

Understanding the Economic Activity

Economically Active	Area	Base	Index 43	100 133
Employee	4,003	22,374,276	105	
Self employed with employees	77	951,381	48	
Self employed without employees	327	3,233,910	60	
Unemployed	202	962,069	124	
Full-time students	310	1,412,032	129	
Economically Inactive			72 100	149
Retired	598	5,445,078	76	
Student	379	2,383,574	110	
Looking after home/ family	336	1,791,976	129	
Permanently sick/ disabled	265	1,669,081	110	
Other	189	893,637	146	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



Economic activity within the study area shows that 59.84 % of the population are employed, this is 4,003 people, compare this to your base where 54.42 % are employed. The smallest economically active group is Self employed with employees representing 1.16 %, compare this to the selected base where this group represents 2.31 %. When analysing index* values the most over represented group is Full-time students with an index of 129, taking up 4.64 %.

When considering economic inactivity the largest proportion in the study area belongs to the Retired group with a count of 598 representing 8.94 %. The smallest inactive group is Other with 189 which is 2.83 %. When looking at the index values the group that is most over represented is Other with an index of 146, representing 2.83 %.

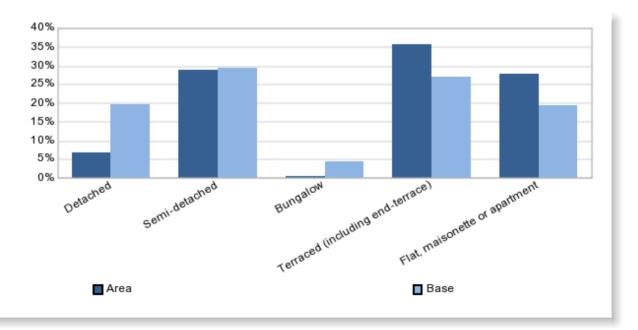
*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

Understanding what type of households are in your area

Dwelling Type	Area	Base	Index 5	100 149
Detached	220	4,191,335	35	
Semi-detached	921	6,267,067	99	I I
Bungalow	18	976,047	12	
Terraced (including end-terrace)	1,140	5,766,542	133	
Flat, maisonette or apartment	886	4,148,676	143	

Source: Experian ConsumerView Household Directory 2019.

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



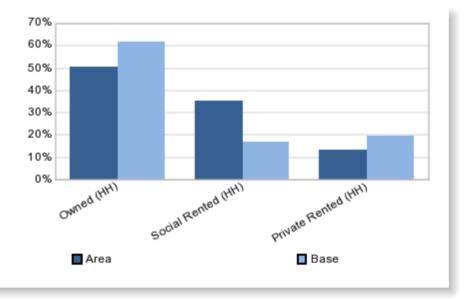
Economically Active - % by Category

Economically Inactive - % by Category

Tenure	Area	Base	Index 60 100	211
Owned (HH)	1,704	14,615,477	82	
Social Rented (HH)	1,187	4,067,655	205	
Private Rented (HH)	451	4,728,063	67	

Source: Experian Current Year Estimates based on ONS Census Data (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



921 households within your area live in a Semi-detached dwelling, this is 28.92 %. Compare this to a figure of 6,267,067 in your base making up 29.35 %. The smallest number of households live in a Bungalow dwelling, this is 18 households and makes up 0.56 %. When analysing the index* figures, we can deduce that the most over represented dwelling type is Flat, maisonette or apartment with a figure of 143, this makes up 27.81 % in the study area.

When considering the tenure of households we can see that the largest proportion are Owned with a figure of 1,704 making up 50.54 %. The smallest amount fall into the Private rented at 13.39 %. When looking at the index figures the most over represented tenure type is Social Rented with an index of 205, 35.19 % of households fall into this category in the study area.

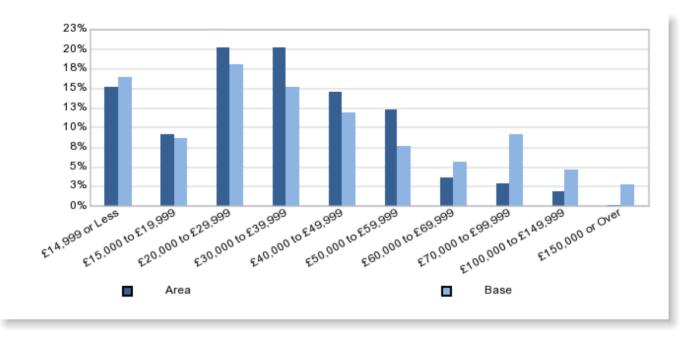
*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.

Understanding the Household Income

Household Income	Area	Base	Index o	100	170
£14,999 or Less	508	3,895,159	92		
£15,000 to £19,999	312	2,022,048	108	1.1	
£20,000 to £29,999	681	4,286,339	112		
£30,000 to £39,999	683	3,583,925	134		
£40,000 to £49,999	491	2,814,502	123		
£50,000 to £59,999	417	1,802,391	163		
£60,000 to £69,999	121	1,358,964	63		
£70,000 to £99,999	97	2,191,735	31		
£100,000 to £149,999	59	1,101,768	38		
£150,000 or Over	4	649,919	4		

Source: Experian Income Bands 2016

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the Index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



820 households within your area have an income of £19,999 or less, this forms 24.32 % of the overall distribution. The smallest count is 4 and these fall into household income band £150,000 or Over making up 0.11 %. When using your base as a comparison, most households fall into the income band £20,000 to £29,999 which makes up 18.08 % of the overall view. When using index* figures as a guide we can see that the income band £50,000 to £59,999 is over represented making up 12.36 % with an index of 163, the most under represented banding is £150,000 or Over with a figure of 4 making up 0.11 % of the distribution.

Index* - An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.



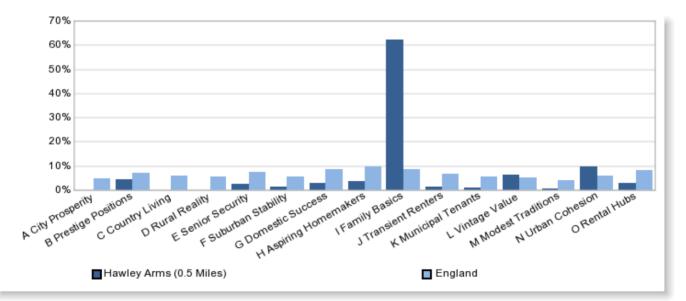
Understanding the residential profile by Mosaic UK 6

Mosaic UK 6 classifies all consumers in the United Kingdom by allocating them to one of 15 Groups and 66 Types. The 15 Groups are shown below as a profile using the Population data from your target area. The groups, types and the supporting descriptive information paint a detailed picture of UK consumers in terms of their socio-economic and socio-cultural behaviour.

Mosaic UK 6 Group	Area	Base	Index -35 100	735
A City Prosperity	0	2,748,366	0	
B Prestige Positions	394	4,060,732	60	
C Country Living	0	3,350,308	0	
D Rural Reality	0	3,152,963	0	
E Senior Security	249	4,268,728	36	
F Suburban Stability	119	3,040,683	24	
G Domestic Success	266	4,958,193	33	
H Aspiring Homemakers	344	5,660,163	38	
I Family Basics	5,707	5,031,695	701	
J Transient Renters	139	3,671,606	23	
K Municipal Tenants	85	3,211,458	16 🛛	
L Vintage Value	577	2,881,386	124	
M Modest Traditions	80	2,340,177	21	
N Urban Cohesion	913	3,406,706	166 📃 💻	
O Rental Hubs	275	4,754,506	36 🛛 🗖	
Totals	9,149	56,539,662		

Source: Experian Mosaic UK 6 Classification (2018).

Chart explanation: The chart above represents the index* value. This indicates the over or under representation of the area selection relative to the base.



The largest group is I Family Basics with a count of 5,707 representing 62.38 % of the overall distribution, in comparison to the base where 8.90 % fall into this group. The smallest group is A City Prosperity with a count of 0 which represents 0.00 %. The index* figures indicate that the most over represented group is I Family Basics taking up 62.38 % of the target area. In contrast the most under represented group is A City Prosperity with just 0.00 %.

*An index of 100 indicates that the variable shown is represented to the same degree in the target area as it is in the base area. An index of 200 would show that it has twice the representation.



Understanding the top three Mosaic UK 6 Groups

I Family Basics - 62.38 %



Families with limited resources who budget to make ends meet.

Key Features

- Families with children
- Aged 25 to 40
- Limited resources
- Some own low cost homes
- Some rent from social landlords
- Squeezed budgets

N Urban Cohesion - 9.98 %



Residents of settled urban communities with a strong sense of identity.

Key Features

- Settled extended families
- City suburbs
- Multicultural

- Own 3 bedroom homes
- Sense of community
- Younger generation love technology

L Vintage Value - 6.31 %



Elderly people with limited pension income, mostly living alone.

Key Features

- Elderly
- Living alone
- Low income

- Small houses and flats
- Need support
- Low technology use